

TABLE OF CONTENTS From the Board.....2-3 Program Origin, History and Milestones Underpinning Roaring Fork Flows Project Spotlight: Pitkin County Healthy Rivers Whitewater Park..... Crystal River Reckoning 10-11 Funding a Better Future......12-13 Investing in Future Water Leaders Hollering for River Health16-17 Project Spotlight: Robinson Ditch Diversion Project 18-19 The Next 10 Years..... 20-21 ...22-23 Financials..... THE ROARING FORK WATERSHED Glenwood Springs 1,451 sq. miles GARFIELD COUNTY 3 rivers EAGLE COUNTY Carbondale 4 counties Fryingpan River Meredith Basalt Thomasville 1.962 miles of streams 856.000 PITKIN acre-feet flows COUNTY into the Colorado Aspen River each year Redstone Snowmass Village (This page) The Crystal River at Placita Marble (Cover photo) Headwaters of the Crystal River **GUNNISON COUNTY** All photos by Matt Annabel

So Far

A free flowing and healthy river is loved by all
For its sounds and sights and scents,
And its fish and flora and fauna.
Enjoyed for floating and fishing and swimming,
And cherished as the source of all life.

For a dozen years and a hundred meetings,
Pitkin County Healthy Rivers and our allies
Worked to save our free flowing healthy rivers,
And maintain and improve water quality and quantity,
For stream bed and bank and farm and ranch.

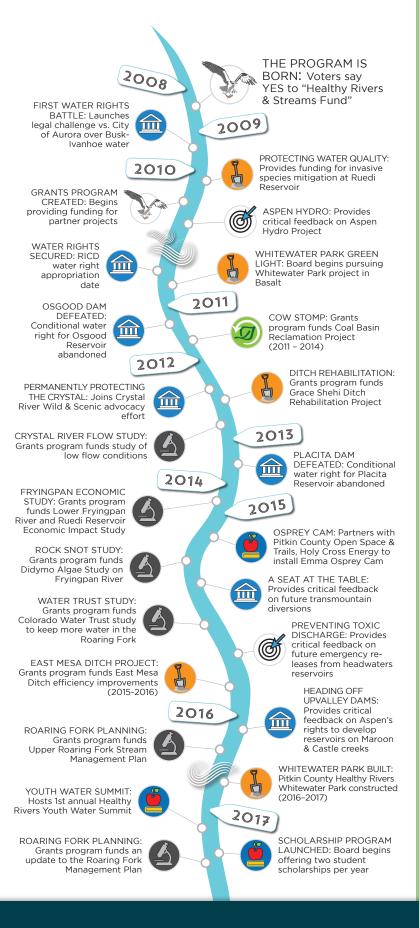
But forest and meadow are parching,
Reservoirs draining and creeks running dry,
Ditches curtailed and crops cut short.
Now we know for sure that our future is drouth.
And our headwaters are coveted east and west.

So now we must - and we will - accept our challenge
To maintain healthy quality and quantity,
To help irrigators become more efficient,
To keep the Crystal free flowing and in basin,
To improve bed and bank throughout the Valley
of the Roaring Fork.

Bill Jochems
 for the Rivers Board



unless otherwise noted.



By the early 2000s, the Roaring Fork Watershed was facing considerable threats: increasing demands for water from Front Range communities, the looming threat of new dams and diversions, and diminishing flows from a changing climate. These, and a host of other conditions were intensifying the pressures on our valley's relationship with water.

"Pitkin County voters reaffirmed their commitment to protecting the natural environment and our water resources by overwhelmingly passing the Healthy Rivers & Streams tax, even as the stock market was crashing.'

Court-appointed public defenders for water didn't exist, and we were dependent on the good graces of outside entities and other communities to look out for our watershed's best interests. Our approach needed to change, we needed to take greater control of our water future. Yet, getting to that place, to being truly proactive would take time, strategy, and money.

In 2008, Pitkin County Commissioner Rachel Richards spear-headed a ballot issue asking voters to create the Pitkin County Healthy Rivers and Streams Fund, a program aimed at protecting, preserving - and where possible - expanding local water quality and quantities within the Roaring Fork Watershed. Voters agreed, supporting a one-tenth of one percent sales tax - deemed a "very small tip for Mother Nature." The first Pitkin County Healthy Rivers Board convened in 2009, and by 2010 was active on several fronts.

The program's enacting legislation requires the funding be used to benefit local rivers. In practice, that means legal and technical support — lots of it — to defend existing water rights, gain new flow protections, construct capital projects, and pursue advocacy and education campaigns. The work is sometimes contentious, often complicated, and always expensive. It has also proven worthwhile.

This 10+ year labor of love has borne much fruit. In that short time, the program has secured several innovative in-stream flow protections. It has funded critical research and planning efforts, improved in-stream and riparian habitat, and enhanced recreational experiences throughout the watershed. The program has also facilitated critical youth water education programs and provided foundational leadership for several successful river advocacy efforts.

ASPEN GLOBAL CHANGE INSTITUTE FUNDING: Grants program funds Interactive Roaring Fork Observation Network (IRON) project

Funds 1st annual Youth Water

Leadership Program Hosts

2nd annual Healthy Rivers

WATER COURT SUCCESS:

Legal settlement provides

CRYSTAL /ROARING

FORK CONFLUENCE

RESTORATION: Grants

program funds CRMS

restoration project at

Roaring Fork rivers

confluence of Crystal &

additional flows in upper

Roaring Fork

Youth Water Summit



FISH HABITAT IMPROVE-MENTS: Grants program funds Colorado Parks & Wildlife's Little Lime



OSPREY CAM FUNDED Grants program funds Colorado Rockv Mtn. School student osprey



WEAVER DITCH FEEL-CIENCY STUDY: Grants program funds Town of . Carbondale's ditch study

EDUCATION IN PARTNERSHIP: Grants program funds Roaring Fork Conservancy, Aspen Globa Change Initiative, and Water Education CO programs

TRAIL PLANNING FEEDBACK: Provides critical feedback during Crystal Valley Trail planning process



THREE MILE CONFLUENCE RESTORATION: Grants program funds City of Glenwood Springs Three Mile Creek Restoration Project (2018 - 2019)

FRYINGPAN RIVER FLOW STUDY: Grants program funds environmental flow evaluation

2019

TREE STUDY: Grants program funds Aspen Global Climate

WHITEWATER PARK

wave modifications

MPROVEMENTS: Installed

FDUCATION IN PARTNERSHIP: Grants program funds Sustaining Colorado Watersheds Conference & a grad student project

YOUTH WATER EDUCATION: Funds 2nd annual Youth Water Leadership Program Hosts 3rd annual Healthy Rivers Youth Water Summi

CRYSTAL RIVER RESTORATION: Grants program funds Town of Carbondale Riverfront Park Restoration Project

EDUCATION IN PARTNERSHIP Grants program funds Sustaining Colorado Watersheds Conference and Roaring Fork Conservancy River Center education and programming

YULE CREEK ADVOCACY: Provides critical feedback on the non-permitted relocation of Yule Creek through Marble quarry

ROBINSON DIVERSION IMPROVEMENTS: Boater safety and fish passage improved at the Robinson Diversion on the Roaring Fork (2020 - 2021)

EDUCATION IN PARTNERSHIP: Grants program funds Sustaining Colorado Watersheds Conference and Roaring Fork Conservancy River Center education and programming



Colorado Water Court declares Pitkin County RICD water right is absolute RECREATION SURVEY:

FIRE MANAGEMENT

funds Wright Water/

STUDY: Grants program

Management Practices

School of Mines Fire Best

RICD WATER RIGHT

MADE ABSOLUTE:

Grants program funds American Rivers' Roaring Fork & Crystal River Recreation Survey

YOUTH WATER ED: Funds 3rd annual Youth Water Leadership Program, Hosts 4th annual Healthy Rivers Youth Water Summit

2021

Study RAMPING UP CRYSTAL RIVER WILD & SCENIC EFFORT: Provides grant funding for Wilderness Workshop's Crystal River Wild & Scenic Designation

SCHOLARSHIP PROGRAM EXPANDS: Board begins offering three student

scholarships per vear

















PITKIN COUNTY HEALTHY RIVERS ORIGINS, HISTORY & MILESTONES





FUN FACT

The Roaring Fork Busk-Ivanhoe Bypass has added up to 45 cfs of additional flow to the Roaring Fork River through Aspen. In that stretch of river, a flow increase from 17.5 cfs to 60 cfs represents a 2,835% improvement in adult rainbow trout habitat! - Miller Ecological Consultants, Inc., 2021



The Roaring Fork contributes 8-12% of total Colorado River flows

Colorado River

Glenwood

Carbondale

Springs

Fryingpan River Ruedi Reservoir

Busk-Ivanhoe System

Independence

headwaters are diverted east via the Boustead Tunnel

Continental

38% of headwaters

Underpinning Roaring Fork Flows

We ask a lot of the Roaring Fork River. Every drop of our valley's eponymous river is spoken for, assigned to a specific task. Communities up and down the Roaring Fork rely on the river for a variety of municipal, agricultural, commercial, and recreational needs. And since the early 1930s, water from the Roaring Fork watershed has been diverted to Colorado's eastern slope to satisfy the needs of the



Front Range's growing population. Today, three major trans-basin diversions move water out of the watershed, as much as 40% of our natural streamflow during parts of the spring and summer.

Protecting flows in the Roaring Fork and thus its aquatic and riparian health - requires tenacious legal efforts and inter-agency coordination. Notably, in 2009 Pitkin County learned the City of Aurora was using water diverted from our valley for municipal purposes, despite the fact that Aurora's water right only authorized use for agricultural irrigation in the Arkansas River valley. That spearheaded a decade-long series of legal challenges by Pitkin County, the Colorado River District, and a host of other Western Slope water interests that ultimately landed in the Colorado Supreme Court. In 2016, the court ruled in the Western Slope's favor.

Aurora sought a compromiss with Pitkin County — one that would ultimately keep more summer and late season flow in the habitually stressed reaches of the Upper Roaring Fork River through Aspen.

Redstone

In 2018, these negotiations led to an intergovernmental agreement, dubbed the "Roaring Fork Busk-Ivanhoe Bypass." The agreement allows Aurora to retain 2,400 acre-feet of water it annually diverts out of the Fryingpan Basin through the Busk-Ivanhoe tunnel. In exchange, Aurora agreed to relenquish, or bypass, up to 1,000 acre-feet of water that would instead be available to the Roaring Fork each year.

Representatives from Pitkin County, the Colorado River District, the City of Aurora, Twin Lakes, and many other organizations coordinate annually on the delivery schedule for this pool of "bypass" water. That coordination determines the rate and timing of water releases. The release

nedule is distated by are diverted revolve throughout the Twatenise ason. Pitkin County's goal in managing the bypass water is to keep the Upper Roaring Fork's base flows through Aspen in the range of 30 - 45 cfs from July 15 through September 15 — the minimum streamflow necessary to keep the river healthy.

Simply put, these innovative outcomes would not have been possible without the existence of the Pitkin County Healthy Rivers Fund — specifically the program's ability to support the lengthy legal challenge, as well as the ongoing hydrologic and engineering assistance required to effectively manage the bypass water.

Grizzly Reservoir holds water bound for Aurora, CO. Photo by Diane Schwener.

(Left) Rafters enjoy Slaughterhouse rapids.

(Top left) Plumbing delivers the water from Lost Man Reservoir above Aspen under the mountain to Grizzly Reservoir. Photos by Diane Schwener.

project spotlight





"It's the one spot in our watershed where putting your paddle in the water literally helps protect the ecology of an entire river."

- Wendy Huber, Healthy Rivers Board Member

Pitkin County Healthy Rivers Whitewater Park

In 2010, facing increasing demand on our water resources and the potential impacts of climate change, the Healthy Rivers Board laid the groundwork for the county to pursue a Recreational In-Channel Diversion (RICD) water right on the Roaring Fork River in Basalt, a move fundamentally intended to secure minimum flows and protect the upper Roaring Fork River from future diversions.

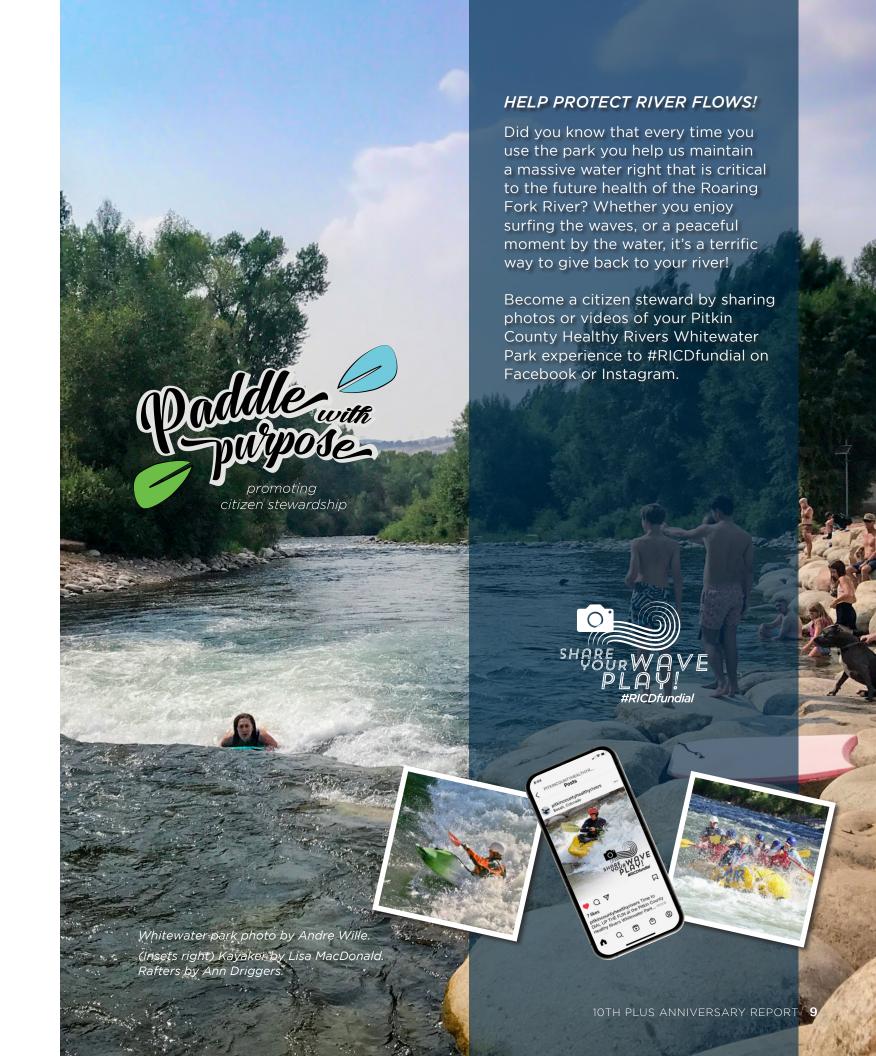
The RICD requires the protected water to be put to "beneficial use." In this case, that use is recreating on the two wave features at the Pitkin County Healthy Rivers Whitewater Park. The RICD confers to Pitkin County the right, if needed, to call water down the Roaring Fork to the whitewater park site just above its confluence with the Fryingpan River. The RICD protects a huge portion of the annual hydrograph, and has seniority over any future water developments on the Upper Roaring Fork.

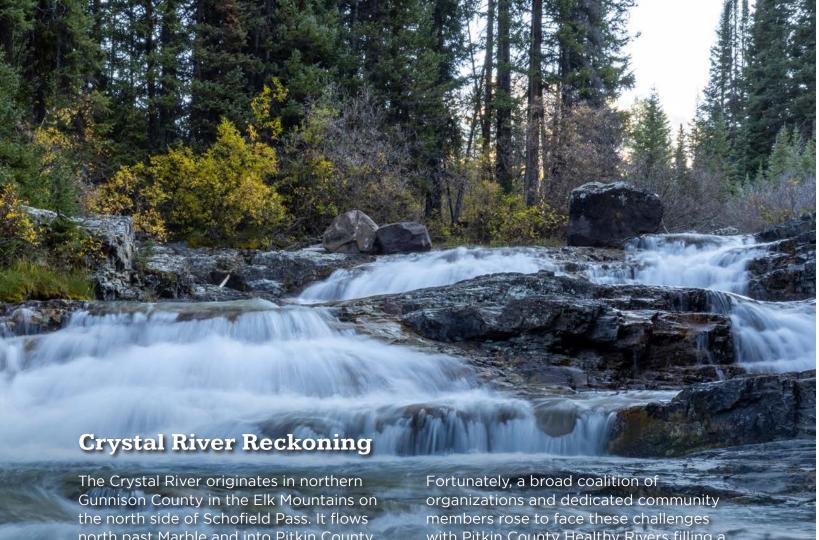
Pitkin County began navigating the complex state water court process to secure the RICD water right in 2010. A conditional right was granted, and Pitkin County completed the whitewater park in 2016. The county received the water right's absolute decree in November 2020 with seniority dating back to December 30, 2010.

The whitewater park has become a popular recreation destination for all manner of river enthusiasts, yet the RICDs benefits extend well beyond the park. Most importantly, it secures a future that protects minimum seasonal flows in the Roaring Fork and effectively limits the ability of future water projects to further reduce the flows of the Upper Roaring Fork.

In 2021, the Pitkin County BOCC declared July "RICD Appreciation Month" in recognition of the RICD's benefits to our rivers and communities. Concurrently, the Healthy Rivers Board launched a "Paddle with Purpose" campaign to help river enthusiasts understand how their whitewater park contributes to the Roaring Fork's aquatic and riparian health.

(Top left) Running the waves. Photo by Tim Braun. (Left) Stand up performance at the Whitewater Park.





The Crystal River originates in northern Gunnison County in the Elk Mountains on the north side of Schofield Pass. It flows north past Marble and into Pitkin County, past Redstone and through Carbondale where it joins the Roaring Fork River. It is one of the few remaining free-flowing streams in Colorado.

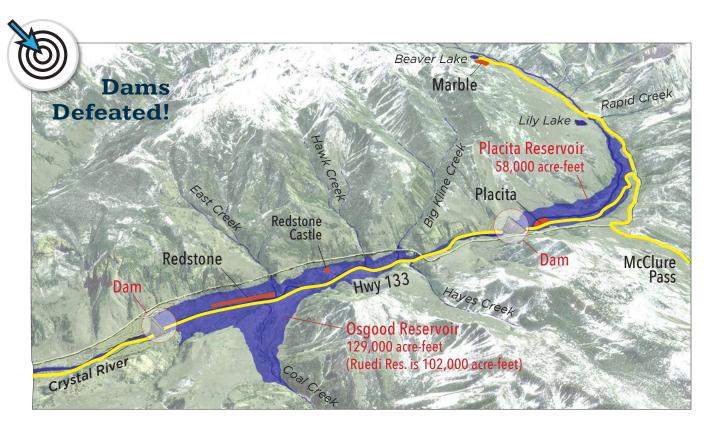


By the early 2000s, a century of intense mining had left widespread erosion and debris flows that degraded the Crystal's water quality and stream habitat.

Also concerning were the existence and maintenance of decades old conditional water rights to develop dams on the Crystal. If ever realized, those rights would have submerged miles of the Crystal Valley as we know it (including all of Redstone and Placita) under two huge reservoirs of water and mud.

Fortunately, a broad coalition of organizations and dedicated community members rose to face these challenges with Pitkin County Healthy Rivers filling a key role. The River Board contributed to the vocal and legal advocacy that resulted in the abandonment of rights to build two major water storage projects at Redstone and Placita. The program also financially backed the years-long "Cow Stomp" mining reclamation project that utilized grazing cattle to improve soil health and reduce erosion in Coal Basin.

On the heels of those victories, the program pivoted towards permanently protecting the Crystal River from future dams and transbasin diversions. Over the last decade, with vital financial support from the Healthy Rivers Fund, our county commissioners and River Board members (past and present) have helped organize and lead the community's ongoing advocacy effort seeking a federal Wild & Scenic designation for the main stem of the Crystal. We are thankful for our many partners in this monumental effort.



"The Crystal is a stream, one of a few of its size in the state, that still has not one dam. As water shortages become more and more apparent, some turn to storage as the answer. When they look at 'what can we dam, where can we store?' the Crystal River Valley is a major target."

— Bill Jochems, Healthy Rivers Board Member



FIXING THE LEAKS!

Today, one of the most pressing threats facing the Crystal River is seasonally insufficient flow in the lower reaches of the river. The lower Crystal is heavily diverted, creating a late-season flow condition that is unhealthy for many native aquatic species. Climate change and recent drought years have exacerbated the problem. The Healthy Rivers grants program has begun to make inroads by providing funding for a number of ditch efficiency projects that create options for diverters to leave more water in the river.

(Left) Low flows on the Crystal River at the Carbondale Fish Hatchery, September 24, 2021.

(Far left inset) Peregrine falcon photo by Lisa MacDonald.

10 PITKIN COUNTY HEALTHY RIVERS

Funding a Better **Future** Since its inception, the Healthy Rivers Grants Program has contributed over \$730,000 in funding support for dozens of research, planning, restoration, infrastructure, and education projects through our many partners including Roaring Fork Conservancy, Wilderness Workshop, Colorado Parks & Wildlife, Water Education

Colorado, American Whitewater, Aspen Global Change Institute, Ruedi Water & Power Authority, and many more. Grants have ranged in size from \$933 for a student osprey-cam project to more than \$50,000 for municipal river restoration planning.





RESEARCH & PLANNING \$300,000 GRANTED

Solid research is the first step in understanding our river's challenges and identifying solutions. We've funded numerous research and planning efforts that have benefitted each of the three primary rivers in our watershed.

HIGHLIGHTS

Crystal River Reclamation Assessment

Upper Roaring Fork River Stream Flow Opportunities Investigation

Frying Pan River Environmental Flow Evaluation

APPLY FOR A GRANT!

Have a project that benefits the rivers of the Roaring Fork Watershed? The River Board accepts grant applications for review in the spring and the fall of each year. Applications for our spring grant cycle are due March 31st. Applications for our fall grant cycle are due August 31st.

> Learn more at: pitkincountyrivers.com/ grants

(Insets right) Roaring Fork Conservancy's Annual River Days programming at the Roaring Fork Conservancy River Center.

EDUCATION \$80,000 GRANTED

We support river and watershed education far and wide.

HIGHLIGHTS

Multiple grants to the Roaring Fork Conservancy to support curriculum enhancement, teacher training, and program delivery at the River Center and throughout the Roaring Fork Watershed.

Annual support for the "Sustaining Colorado Watersheds" conference hosted by Water Education Colorado, the Colorado Riparian Association and the Colorado Watershed Assembly.





INFRASTRUCTURE \$190,000 GRANTED

Old irrigation ditches are notoriously leaky and our valley has a lot of them. The grants program has supported a number of ditch efficiency projects in hopes of creating options for diverters to leave more water in the river.

HIGHLIGHTS

The East Mesa Ditch Efficiency project on the Lower Crystal River.

The Town of Carbondale's Weaver Ditch Efficiency project which employs new technologies to monitor ditch flow and automate the ditch headgate function.



(Inset above) The new Robinson Diversion headgate and ditch installed in 2021.

(Inset top right) Osprey chicks test their wings. Photo by Lisa MacDonald.

RESTORATION \$160,000 GRANTED

We've provided critical planning and implementation funds for a number of river and riparian restoration projects.

HIGHLIGHTS

The Town of Carbondale's Crystal River Riverfront Park Restoration project seeks to improve in-stream habitat, restore ecological integrity, and enhance community access to the park.

The City of Glenwood Springs' Three Mile Creek Shoreline Restoration Project seeks to improve a riparian area severely degraded from heavy recreational use and pedestrian traffic.

A Colorado Rocky Mountain School student project removed cattle from streambanks near the confluence of the Crystal and Roaring Fork Rivers and initiated restoration of the riparian area.



(Inset above) CRMS students plant trees at a riparian restoration project on the lower Crystal. Photo by Michelle Smith.

12 PITKIN COUNTY HEALTHY RIVERS



Investing in Future Water Leaders

For all the hard-won legal victories, fruitful partner projects, and major infrastructure improvements, there is one Healthy Rivers initiative that several board members hold dearest. In 2017, the River Board worked with Wild Rose Education to birth the first annual **Healthy Rivers Youth Water Summit** — a student-driven educational conference and opportunity for students to engage directly with local water leaders.



More than 80 students from local middle and high schools learned from water experts and studied issues

related to water management in their own backyards, as well as the bigger picture of water policy across the west.

The initial summit was so successful that in 2018 the idea was expanded to include the Youth Water Leadership Program, a full-fledged student-centered educational experience intended to increase secondary and undergraduate students' participation in river, water, and climate change issues and solutions through active civic engagement. The Youth

(Above) Students at the Healthy Rivers YWS. Photos by Andrea Holland, courtesy of Wild Rose Education.

(Right) Students participating in the YWLP on a local ranch. Photo by Sarah Johnson, courtesy of Wild Rose Education.



Water Leadership Program emphasized capacity building and civic life through multiple opportunities for youth to engage in direct experiences with watershed resources, water and climate change knowledge, and skill building. In 2018 alone, the program reached 646 students from sixth grade to college in three program areas during 94 hours of experiential learning.

This unique duo of youth education programs ran hand-in-hand each year between 2018 and 2020, an investment River Board members hope will help foster the next generation of river stewards.



10TH PLUS ANNIVERSARY REPORT 15

te Roaring Fork Valley is getting more and more crowded. Every year there are more people here. Our rivers are a phenomenal resource and we all need to play a part in protecting them and mitigating the impacts of overuse." Chris Lemons, Healthy Rivers Board Member 16 PITKIN COUNTY HEALTHY RIVERS

Hollering for River Health

The Roaring Fork Watershed is a busy place with many different municipalities and organizations serving a long list of community needs. Occasionally, an initiative designed to serve one set of community values may have a detrimental effect on another. As such, it is vital that each of our collective needs and values have adequate representation... no less our rivers. Since its inception, the River Board has taken up the mantle on the, sometimes-lonely, side of the river.

One such example came in the very early days of the program when the City of Aspen sought to develop a hydropower facility. Though the project was well intended, the River Board facilitated serious conversations about the impact to Castle and Maroon creeks. After considerable community input, the project did not move ahead.

In 2015, when, without warning, toxic sediment and water was discharged down the Roaring Fork River from Grizzly Reservoir, River Board members painted an unvarnished picture of the impacts and advocated for advance warning and slower releases if a similar situation arose in the future. Today, the county and local water managers enjoy great working relationships and are in near constant contact to manage Roaring Fork flows.

The River Board has provided influential feedback on many other projects with potential river health impacts. These have included, articulating Pitkin County's position on future water storage and trans-basin diversion projects at a statewide level, objections to Castle and Maroon Creek water storage projects, and providing critical input during the Crystal Valley Trail planning process – to name just a few.

There is no doubt the existence of the Pitkin County Healthy Rivers Fund, and the resources it brings to bear, strengthens Pitkin County's position and influence on all river and water related issues in the Roaring Fork Watershed and beyond.

Chris Lemons fishing the Roaring Fork.
(Insets left) Eagles and macroinvertibrates signal a healthy river.

project spotlight



THANK YOU!

Pitkin County Healthy Rivers would like to thank all of our project partners for making this effort a great success:

Aspen Basalt MHC LLC Back 40 Stories CO Dept. of Transportation CO Parks & Wildlife CO Water Conservation Board Diggin It River Works, Inc. Impact Marketing Aspen Eagle County, FEMA Obermeyer Properties LP River Restoration Robinson Ditch Company **SGM** TJ Concrete Construction Inc. Town of Basalt

Robinson Ditch Diversion Project

With a water right dating back to the 1880s, the Robinson Diversion was for many decades an unpredictable man-made horizon line on the Roaring Fork River known as Anderson Falls. Feared by many river users, this pile of rocks was constructed to help water flow into the headgate of the Robinson Ditch, an important facility which delivers irrigation water to Mid Valley Metropolitan District customers from April through October. Channel instabilities at the diversion point required sediment and log removal and repositioning of large in-stream boulders on an annual basis. The resulting drop was long considered a dangerous navigational hazard.

In 2017, Healthy Rivers began working with the ditch company and river engineers to design a permanent solution for this problem spot. The project was constructed in winter 2020/2021. The steep rip-rapped drop was removed and replaced with a long gradual riffle held in place by grade control structures located at the top and bottom of the diversion. These nearly imperceptible structures are built into the streambed at elevations that feed the ditch while eliminating the need for a push-up dam. A new headgate was constructed to meet the river at an angle which reduces sediment accumulation.

All these improvements add up to a safer and healthier stretch of river. Removing the river-wide obstacle opened up an entire reach of river to boaters and fisherman who had avoided it for decades. The modifications also created new fish habitat and better fish passage, improved bank and in-channel stability, reduced annual inchannel maintenance, and improved headgate operations.

(Above) The unnavigable push-up dam at the Robinson Diversion, Spring 2019. Photo by Brent Gardner-Smith/ Aspen Journalism.



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

The Next 10 Years

Ten years is but a blink of an eye in "water time," yet creation of the Pitkin County Healthy Rivers program has already proved prescient. Hindsight shows we are clearly on the right track.

Without the program's influence and funding, the story of the Roaring Fork Watershed's last ten years could have been one of loss — lost water rights, diminished river health, and missed opportunities.

Thanks to the foresight of the program's founders, and the commitment of its past and present board members, we instead celebrate many gains - gained flow protections, better resource management, and many visions realized.

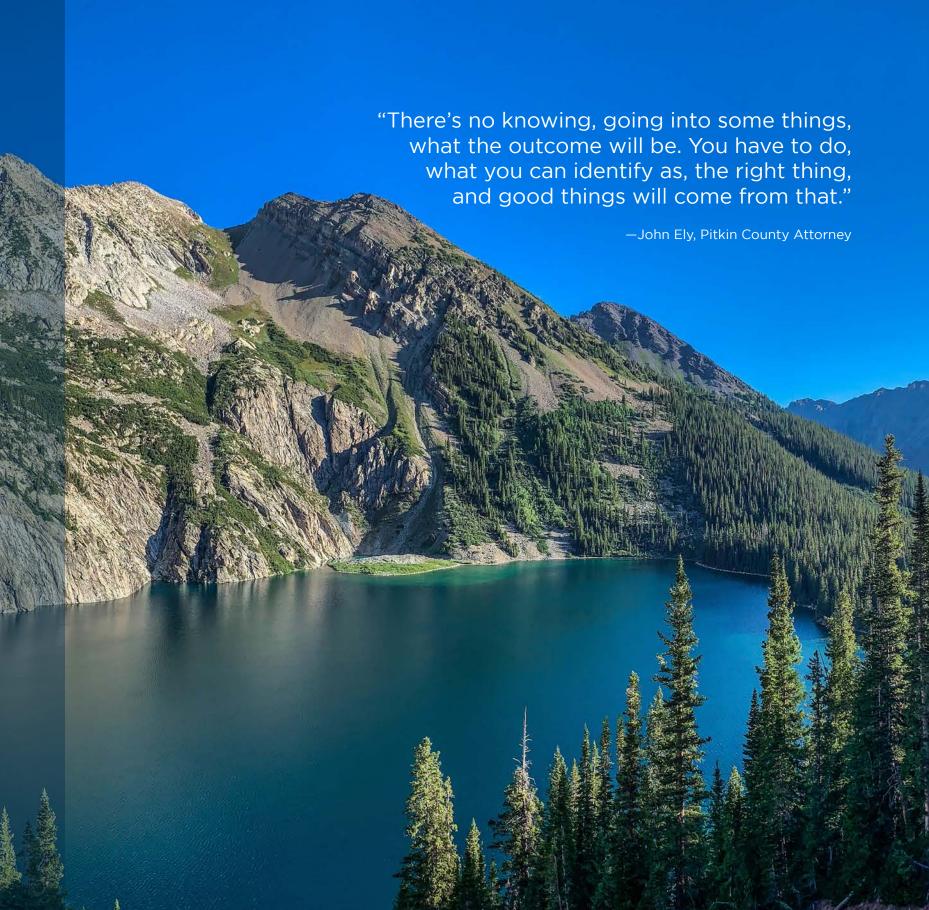


The Healthy Rivers program has allowed Pitkin County and the Roaring Fork Watershed to have a seat at the table whenever water is on the agenda, to have people positioned to speak out on behalf of our rivers, and to operate from a position of strength. It has opened doors to productive relationships with other agencies and municipalities, and has a multiplying effect on funding as a qualifying entity for matching grants. It's a template that could well serve other Colorado communities.

The next 10 years will certainly bring new challenges and new threats. The number of stakeholders with an interest in our water is increasing, and climate change and drought will continue to intensify every water issue. The need to continue defending our rivers through legal, advocacy, and education campaigns is undeniable. Yet optimism is high. Opportunities for habitat restoration and efficiency improvements abound, as does the potential for applying new scientific and technology innovations to long-standing challenges.

Through it all, the charge of the Healthy Rivers Board remains — do hard things for the health of our rivers.

(Inset left) A heronry on the lower Roaring Fork

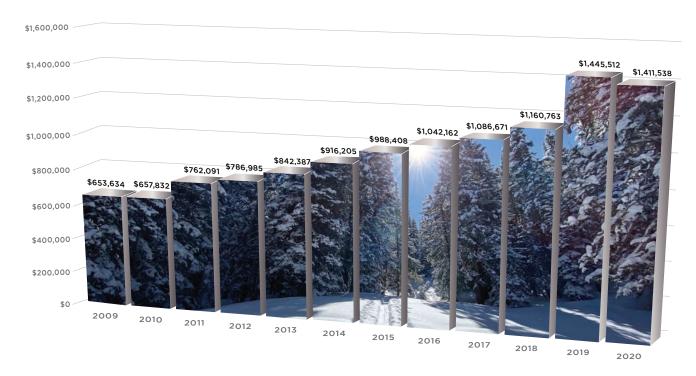


Ruedi Reservoir (inset top left) and Snowmass

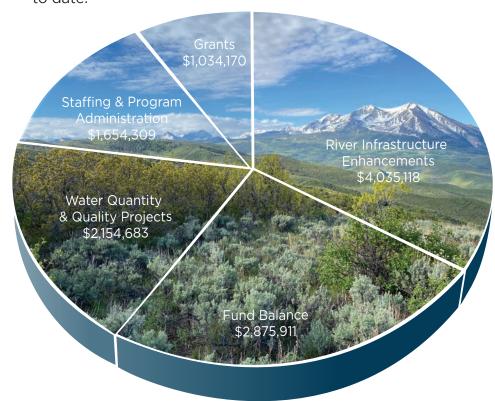
Lake working for our watershed and millions

Financials

Total Revenues (2009 - 2020) \$11,754,190



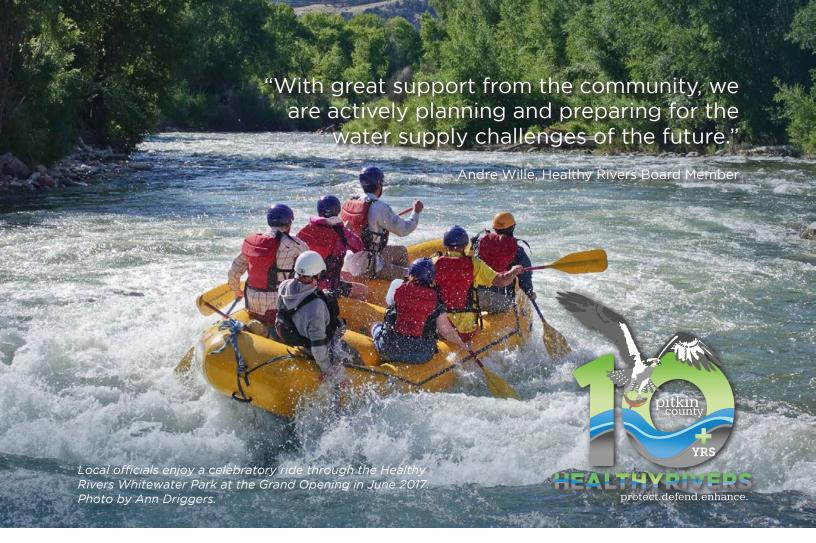
How your Healthy Rivers dollars have been invested to date:



ABOUT THE HEALTHY RIVERS FUND

The Pitkin County Healthy Rivers program was approved by voters in 2008 to protect. defend, and enhance the rivers of the Roaring Fork Watershed. It is funded by a 0.1 percent sales tax on goods purchased within Pitkin County. The seven-member Healthy Rivers Citizen Advisory Board is appointed by the Board of County Commissioners to assist in administering the Healthy Rivers Fund.





Aspiration Statement

Pitkin County Healthy Rivers aspires to be a leader in protecting, defending and enhancing rivers and streams, through collaboration on watershed-wide opportunities, solutions and education on water issues.

Staff

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Advisory Board Members

Bill Jochems	2009 - present
Lisa Tasker	2009 - present
Andre Wille	2009 - present
Chris Lemons	2019 - present
Chris Wheatley	2019 - present
Wendy Huber	2020 - present
Chuck Ogilby	2020 - present
Steve Hunter	2009 - 2012
Rick Neiley	2009 - 2014
Greg Poschman	2009 - 2015
Ruthie Brown	2009 - 2017
Dave Nixa	2013 - 2018
Catherine Berg	2015 - 2017
Ellie Taylor	2015 - 2019
Kate Hudson	2017 - 2019
Ken Neubecker	2018 - 2019